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Fabien Thomas

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LADAS & PARRY LLP
224 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
SUITE 1600
CHICAGO, IL 60604

EXAMINER

TABOR, AMARE F

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2139

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PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/594,106	Applicant(s) THOMAS ET AL.	
	Examiner AMARE TABOR	Art Unit 2139	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 July 2008.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This correspondence is in response to **Amendments** and **REMARKS** filed on July 09, 2008.
2. **Claims 1-12** are pending.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments, see REMARKS, filed on 07/09/2008, with respect to Arrangement of the Specification have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the objection of the specification has been withdrawn. Additionally, Applicant has properly amended the abstract and the claims and overcomes the prior objections made.

4. Applicant's arguments [regarding prior art rejections] filed on 07/09/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued, "*The present invention relates to a device (claim 6 and independent claims) and method (claim 1 and dependent claims) for the detection and prevention of intrusions into a computer network, which allows for the prevention of such intrusions by detecting them **before penetration of the network.***"

Examiner respectfully points out that both ASQ V.2 and YADAV disclose system and method of detection and prevention of intrusions before the intrusions penetrate into the network. For example, ASQ V.2 discloses detecting and preventing malicious codes before penetrating the network [see for example, page 1, par.5, "...integrating this IPS (intrusion Prevention System) technology into the firewall enables the system to **actively** drop malicious traffic. As opposed to the IDS solutions that merely sniff traffic, send alarms...NETASQ IPS-Firewalls are able to pro-actively break illegitimate sessions **before** the last packets are transmitted, therefore, preventing attacks..."] [See also **Real-time Monitoring and ...** section disclosed in page 8] On the other hand, the Intrusion Detector (or Intrusion Detection System) of YADAV detects and blocks suspicious packets before they penetrate into the network [see for example, FIGS.2A

and 2B]; furthermore, YADAV discloses singling out the blocked packets for greater scrutiny [see for example, abstract].

Applicant argued, neither ASQ V.2 nor YADAV disclose “...*the specific characteristics according to which the conformity check detects the information necessary to open secondary connections or induced connections and attaches these secondary or induced connections dynamically to the authorization of the main connection...*”

Examiner respectfully disagrees. **First**, Examiner notes that the claim presented for examination recites a “...*dynamic authorization for communication...*” and “...*deliver a dynamic rejection for communication...*” but does not disclose “**dynamically** attaching the secondary connection to the authorization of the main connection...” as Applicant argued. **Second**, independent Claim 1 recites, “...*said on conformity detects the data necessary for opening said secondary connections and attaches said secondary connections to the authorization for connection...*” ASQ V.2 discloses that it’s IP—Firewall performs a multilayer traffic inspection and analysis [see for example, page 2] and dynamically filter packets [see for example, pages 3 and 4]. Additionally, ASQ V.2 discloses that “...*Stateful inspection doesn’t break the client server model, yet keeps track of each successful connection in a state-table. Packets arriving on the firewall are matched against this state-table...*” YADAV also discloses the claim limitation. For example, YADAV discloses [see FIG.3] an application rule enforcer, which is component of an integrated intrusion detection system, identifying and cross checking the file properties of an invoked application. In addition, YADAV discloses a comparing module that compares a request with the application-specific network policy [which could be implemented as multi-tiered] and notify unauthorized request to the detector.

5. Examiner asserts that ASQ V.2 and YADAV clearly disclosed the claimed invention and finds Applicant’s argument unpersuasive. Therefore, the previous rejection is repeated and this action is made **Final**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by “NETASQ IPS-Firewalls. ASQ: Real-Time Intrusion Prevention” (referred as “ASQ V.2” hereinafter) (AUTHOR: UNKNOWN; PUBLISHED: 2003).

As per Claim 1, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A method for the detection and prevention of intrusions into a computer network with a firewall, the method comprising (see *page 1*): detecting the connections at a central point and before each branch of said network (see *ASQ and IPS* in the middle picture of *page 3*), selective filtering of the said connections, where said selective filtering stage includes firstly a stage for automatic recognition of the accessing protocol, independently of the communication port used by the said protocol, and secondly, after said accessing protocol has been recognized automatically, a stage for verifying the conformity of each communication flowing in a given connection to the said protocol (see *Analysis of Application Protocols (ASQ plug-ins) in pages 5-7*), to deliver a dynamic authorization for communications resulting from normal operation of the protocol (see *picture in page 1; Dynamic Filtering; and section Filtering (ASQ Dynamic Filtering)* in *page 4*) and to deliver a dynamic rejection for communications resulting from abnormal operation of the protocol (see *picture in page 1; Dynamic Filtering; and section Filtering (ASQ Dynamic Filtering)*),

wherein said check on conformity is performed layer by layer, by successive protocol analysis of each part of the data packet flowing in the connection corresponding to a given protocol, from the lowest protocol to the highest protocol (see *Principles of Packet Handling* in page 3), and wherein, since each main connection enabled is able to induce one or more secondary connections, said check on conformity detects the data necessary for opening said secondary connections and attaches said secondary connections to the authorization for connection of said main connection (see *Protocol Analysis, Fragment Analysis, Global Context Analysis and Filtering* in page 4; and *ASQ strengths* in page 9).

As per Claim 2, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A method according to claim 1, wherein, as long as the accessing protocol of a connection is not recognized, the data are accepted but not transmitted (see *section Principles of Packet Handling and ASQ's strengths* in page 3 & 9).

As per Claim 3-4, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A method according to claim 2, wherein, if the number of data packets accepted but not transmitted exceeds a certain threshold, or if the data are accepted but not transmitted for a time exceeding a certain threshold, then the connection is considered not to have been analyzed; and wherein if the data are accepted but not transmitted for a time exceeding a certain threshold, then the connection is considered not to have been analyzed (see *section Real-time Monitoring and Historical Logging and ASQ's strengths* in pages 8-9).

As per Claim 5, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A method according to claim 2, wherein, when the accessing protocol of a connection is not automatically recognized, said step of checking on conformity of each communication flowing in a given connection to said protocol is replaced by a step of generic checking of coherence of data packets (see *section Analysis of Application Protocols (ASQ plug-ins)* from page 5 to 9).

As per Claim 6, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device for the detection and prevention of intrusions into a computer network, comprising (see *section ASQ: Real-Time Intrusion Prevention* in *page 1*):

a firewall (see *page 1*), a resource for preventing intrusions by detection of the connections (ASQ *engine*), directly incorporated into said firewall at a central point and before each branch of said network, where said resource for the prevention of intrusions includes a resource for selective filtering of said connections by automatic recognition of the accessing protocol, independently of the communication port used by said protocol (see *section An integrated Firewall / IPS Solution* in *page 1*), wherein said selective filtering resource includes at least one independent module for the analysis of at least one given communication protocol, and at least one of the independent modules includes: i. unit for the automatic recognition of a given communication protocol (see *section Protocol Analysis* in *page 4*), ii. unit for verifying the conformity of the communication flowing in a given connection to the said protocol (see *picture in page 1; Dynamic Filtering*; and *section Filtering (ASQ Dynamic Filtering)* in *page 4*), iii. means for delivering a dynamic authorization for communications resulting from normal operation of the protocol, and delivering a dynamic rejection for communications resulting from abnormal operation of the protocol (see *picture in page 1; Real Time Intrusion Prevention*), and iv. means of transmission of a part of a data packet to an independent analysis module of a hierarchically higher protocol (see *section Principle of Packet Handling* in *page 2*).

As per Claim 7, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein, in addition to the independent module or modules for the analysis of a given communication protocol, the device includes an independent generic module which attaches itself to the connections for which the protocol has been recognized by none of the other said independent modules (see *section Analysis of Application Protocols (ASQ plug-ins)*; and *picture in page 3 - IPS-Plugin*).

As per Claim 8, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein the device includes an interface for entry, by a user, of the criteria that determine the filtering policy (see *Interfaces* in pages 5 & 6).

As per Claim 9-10, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device according to claim 8, wherein, said interface receives the criteria specified in natural language by the user; and wherein said criteria specified in natural language include at least one protocol name (see [HTTP], [FTP], [DNS], [eDonkey], [H323], [RIP] and [Generic] n pages 6 and 7).

As per Claim 11, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device according to claim 8, wherein said interface allows the activation or deactivation of each of said independent modules (see *Protocol Analysis, Fragment Analysis, Global Context Analysis and Filtering* in page 4; and *ASQ strengths* in page 9).

As per Claim 12, ASQ V.2 teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein the device includes a resource for statistical processing of the connection data, and a resource for storage of said connection data and processed data (see *section Real-time Monitoring and Historical Logging* in page 8).

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by “YADAV” (US 7,174,566).

As per Claim 1, YADAV teaches,

A method for the detection and prevention of intrusions into a computer network with a firewall (see *abstract; and col. 1, lines 6-8*), the method comprising: detecting the connections at a central point and before each branch of said network (see *MONITOR INBOUND TRAFFIC AND TRAFFICT*

CORRESPONDING TO A WATCH LIST 105 IN Fig. 1), selective filtering of the said connections (see col.7, line 19 to col. 8, line 15), where said selective filtering stage includes firstly a stage for automatic recognition of the accessing protocol, independently of the communication port used by the said protocol (see Fig. 3), and secondly, after said accessing protocol has been recognized automatically, a stage for verifying the conformity of each communication flowing in a given connection to the said protocol (see COMPARE REQUEST WITH NETWORK POLICY 320 and NETWORK POLICY SATISFIED? 325 IN Fig. 3), to deliver a dynamic authorization for communications resulting from normal operation of the protocol (see NOTIFY NETWORK TRAFFIC ENFORCER OF OPEN CHANNEL 330 IN Fig. 3) and to deliver a dynamic rejection for communications resulting from abnormal operation of the protocol (see NOTIFY INTRUSION DETECTOR OF UNAUTHORIZED REQUEST 335 IN Fig. 3),

wherein said check on conformity is performed layer by layer, by successive protocol analysis of each part of the data packet flowing in the connection corresponding to a given protocol, from the lowest protocol to the highest protocol (see LOAD APPLICATION-SPECIFIC NETWORK POLICY 310 in Fig. 3), and wherein, since each main connection enabled is able to induce one or more secondary connections, said check on conformity detects the data necessary for opening said secondary connections and attaches said secondary connections to the authorization for connection of said main connection (see APPLICATION AND RULE ENFORCER COMPONENT ARE INVOKED 300 and IDENTITY INVOKED APPLICATION (APPLY HASH FUNCTION AND CHECK RESULT) 305 in Fig. 3).

As per Claim 2, YADAV teaches,

A method according to claim 1, wherein, as long as the accessing protocol of a connection is not recognized, the data are accepted but not transmitted (see SEND UNAUTHORIZED COMMUNICATION TO INTRUSION DETECTOR and BLOCK UNAUTHORIZED COMMUNICATION in Fig. 4; and for example, col. 8, lines 16-33).

As per Claim 3-4, YADAV teaches,

A method according to claim 2, wherein, if the number of data packets accepted but not transmitted exceeds a certain threshold (see *COMPARE WITH CONFIGURABLE THRESHOLD 555 in Fig. 5A*), or if the data are accepted but not transmitted for a time exceeding a certain threshold (see *Time Elapsed in Fig. 5B*), then the connection is considered not to have been analyzed; and wherein if the data are accepted but not transmitted for a time exceeding a certain threshold, then the connection is considered not to have been analyzed (see *Fig. 5B; and for example, col. 9, lines 4-52*).

As per Claim 5, YADAV teaches,

A method according to claim 2, wherein, when the accessing protocol of a connection is not automatically recognized, said step of checking on conformity of each communication flowing in a given connection to said protocol is replaced by a step of generic checking of coherence of data packets (see *Fig. 5A; and for example, col. 8, line 34 to col. 9, line 3*).

As per Claim 6, YADAV teaches,

A device for the detection and prevention of intrusions into a computer network (see *abstract; and col. 1, lines 6-8; Fig. 2A-B and 6*), comprising: a firewall, a resource for preventing intrusions by detection of the connections, directly incorporated into said firewall at a central point and before each branch of said network (see *Intrusion Detection System 230, 234, 236 and 280 in Fig. 2A-B*) where said resource for the prevention of intrusions includes a resource for selective filtering of said connections by automatic recognition of the accessing protocol, independently of the communication port used by said protocol, wherein said selective filtering resource includes at least one independent module for the analysis of at least one given communication protocol (see *224,... and 236,... in Fig. 2A*), and at least one of the independent modules includes (see *col. 4, line 59 to col. 7, line 18*): i. unit for the automatic recognition of a given communication protocol (see *NETWORK TRAFFIC ENFORCER 282 in Fig. 2A*), ii. unit for verifying the conformity of the communication flowing in a given connection to the said protocol (see *INTRUSION DETECTOR 280 in Fig. 2A-B*), iii. means for delivering a dynamic authorization for

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communications resulting from normal operation of the protocol, and delivering a dynamic rejection for communications resulting from abnormal operation of the protocol (see *APPLICATION RULE ENFORCER 284 in Fig. 3*), and iv. means of transmission of a part of a data packet to an independent analysis module of a hierarchically higher protocol (see *Network Transport Layer 260 in Fig. 2A-B*).

As per Claim 7, YADAV teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein, in addition to the independent module or modules for the analysis of a given communication protocol, the device includes an independent generic module which attaches itself to the connections for which the protocol has been recognized by none of the other said independent modules (see *APPLICATION AND RULE ENFORCER COMPONENT ARE INVOKED 300 and IDENTITY INVOKED APPLICATION (APPLY HASH FUNCTION AND CHECK RESULT) 305 in Fig. 3; and for example, col. 7, line 19 to col. 8, line 15*).

As per Claim 8, YADAV teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein the device includes an interface for entry, by a user, of the criteria that determine the filtering policy (see *Security Operation Center 242 & 292 in Fig. 2A-B; and for example, col. 5, lines 33-41*).

As per Claim 9-10, YADAV teaches,

A device according to claim 8, wherein, said interface receives the criteria specified in natural language by the user (see *Response Needed? 515 in Fig. 5A; and for example, col. 5, lines 33-41 and col. 6, lines 17-24*), wherein said criteria specified in natural language include at least one protocol name (see *col. 1, lines 6-67*).

As per Claim 11, YADAV teaches,

A device according to claim 8, wherein said interface allows the activation or deactivation of each of said independent modules (see *Fig. 1, 3 and 5A-B; where independent modules analysis is disclosed*).

As per Claim 12, YADAV teaches,

A device according to claim 6, wherein the device includes a resource for statistical processing of the connection data, and a resource for storage of said connection data and processed data (see *LOG NETWORK ACTIVITY 525, EXAMINE COMMUNICATION(S) FOR INTUSION PRELUDE PATTERNS 505, LOG NETWORK ACTIVITY FOR LATER ANALYSIS 545 & 585 IN Fig. 5A-B*).

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

CONTACT INFORMATION

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to AMARE TABOR whose telephone number is (571)270-3155. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:00a.m. to 5:00p.m., EST.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Amare Tabor
(AU 2139)

/Kristine Kincaid/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2139